

Centre update

From Monsoon Mission to Mission Mausam – The Next Chapter in India's Weather–Climate Enterprise

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(with inputs from colleagues from IITM & MoES)



A mission mode program started in 2012 -- to improve Monsoon forecasts



पृथ्वी विज्ञान मंत्रालय
Ministry of Earth Sciences

सत्यमेव जयते



The primary aim was to establish a dynamical modeling framework in India.
Bring together four MoES institutes to build a strong national framework for weather, sub-seasonal, and seasonal forecasts.

*Short & Medium range
Prediction*

Short (3-5 days) and
Medium (5-15 days) ranges

*Extended range
Prediction*

Extended range (10-30)
days

Seasonal Prediction

Seasonal scale
with lead times of up to 3
months

IITM-ESMv3

GFS Tco ~67 km

MOM4 ~25 km

SIS + Noah + LULC
+ Aerosol + BGC

ERPv2

Multi-physics framework:

~50 km

GFS + MOM4 + SIS + Noah



Plan

Climate and
Decadal
Projections

Ready

Seasonal
forecasts

Set

Mid-Range
forecasts

Go!

Short-Range
forecasts

**Monsoon Mission Coupled
Forecast System version 2.0
(MMCFSv2)**

GFS-SL ~38 km

MOM6 0.5° x 0.25°

CICE5

Noah

BharatFS ~6 km

Triangular Cubic-
octahedral based GFS

**Monsoon Mission has enabled India's
preparedness across scales–
building a weather-ready nation!**

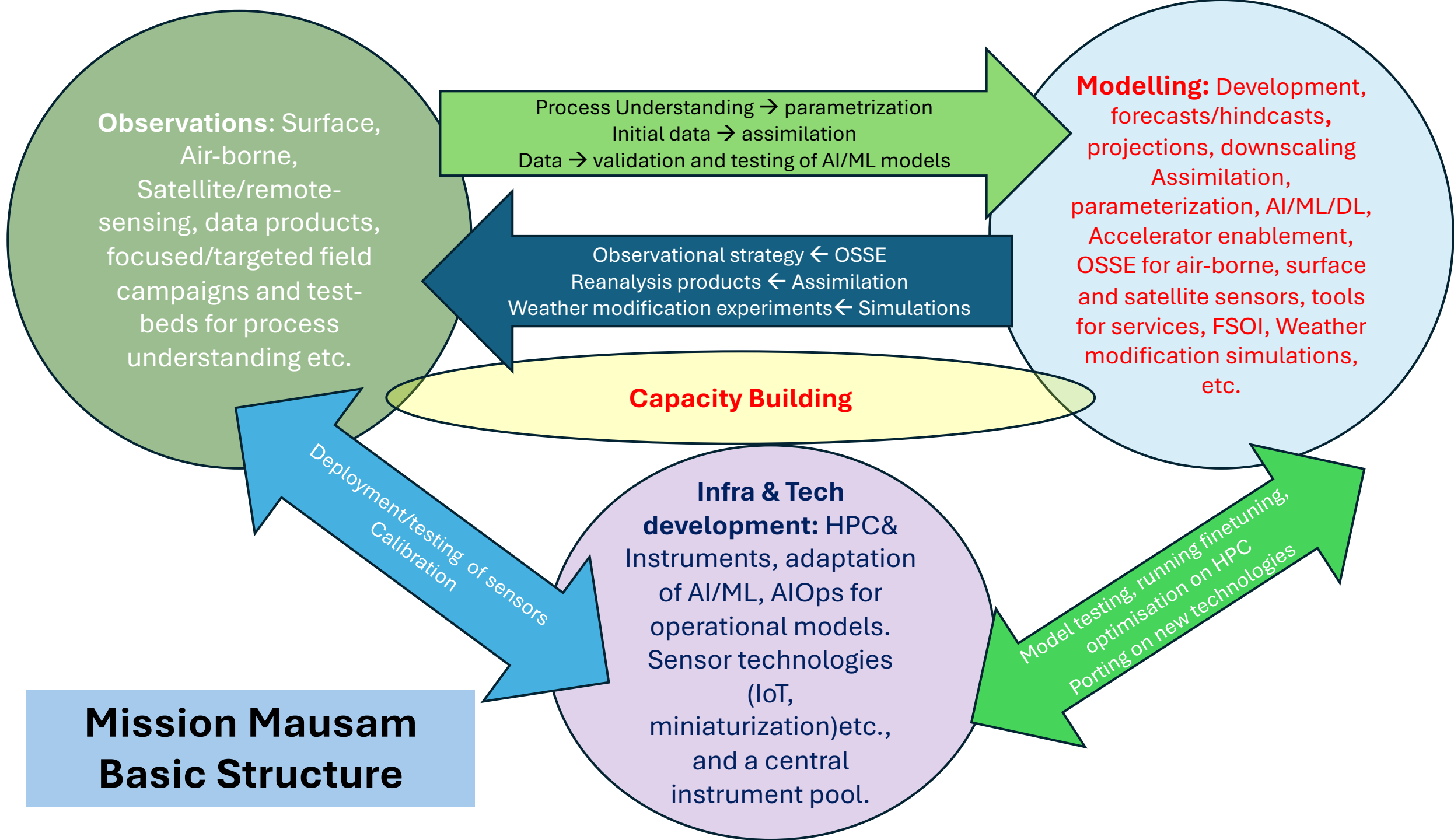
But more needs to be done!

Demands from Stakeholders are increasing: Hyperlocal, extreme events and sector specific

Challenges remain in predicting extreme events, understanding processes, observations and better initialization of models.

Expand applications to economy, renewable energy, health, and agriculture – reach out to every sector!

Use of AI/ML, hybrid models, and emulators. The field is evolving rapidly!

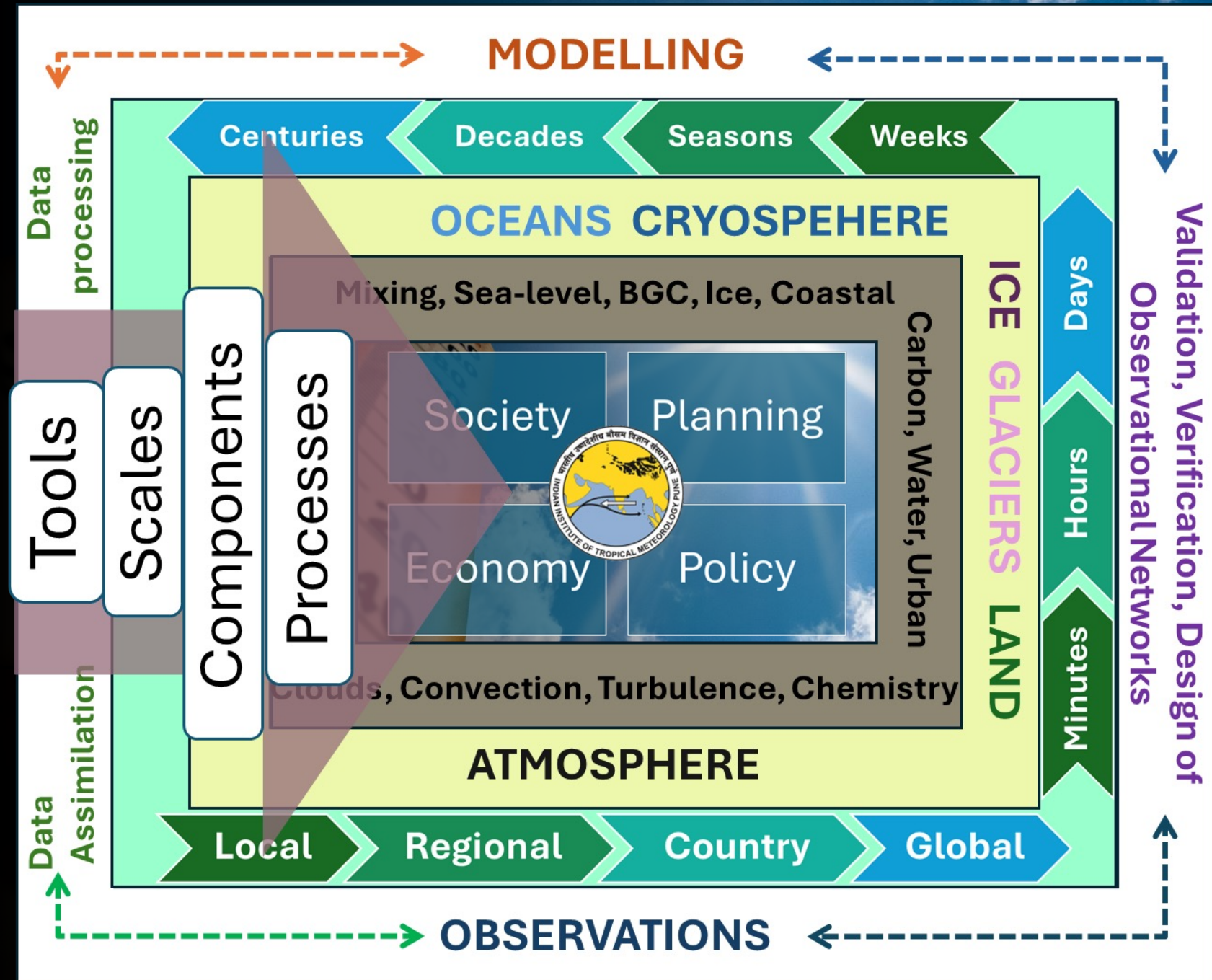


The grand challenge of weather and climate prediction requires a deeper understanding

Need for a weather-climate Enterprise!

Enterprise noun

en·ter·prise 'en-tər-prīz 'en-tə-,prīz
: a project or undertaking that is especially difficult, complicated, or risky



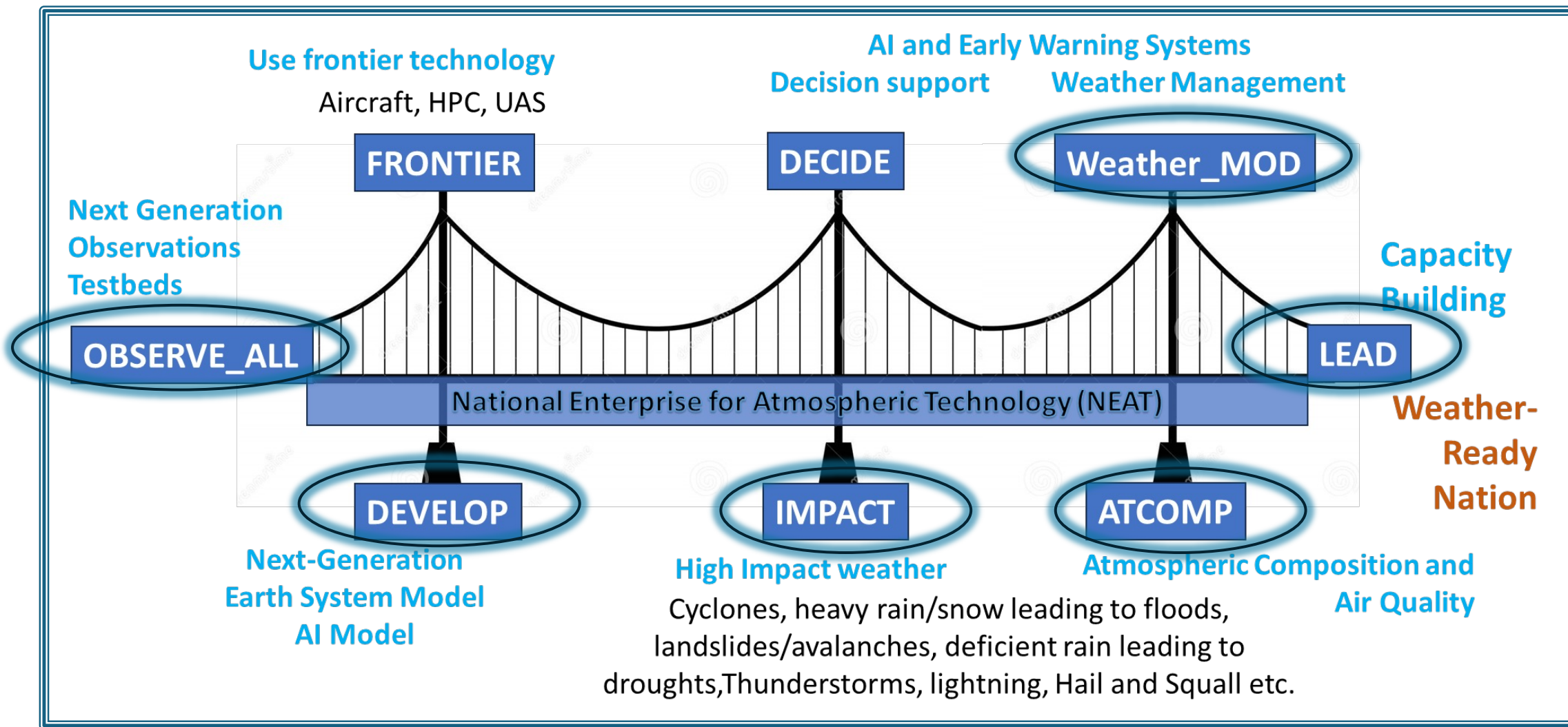
Mission Mausam

मिशन मौसम

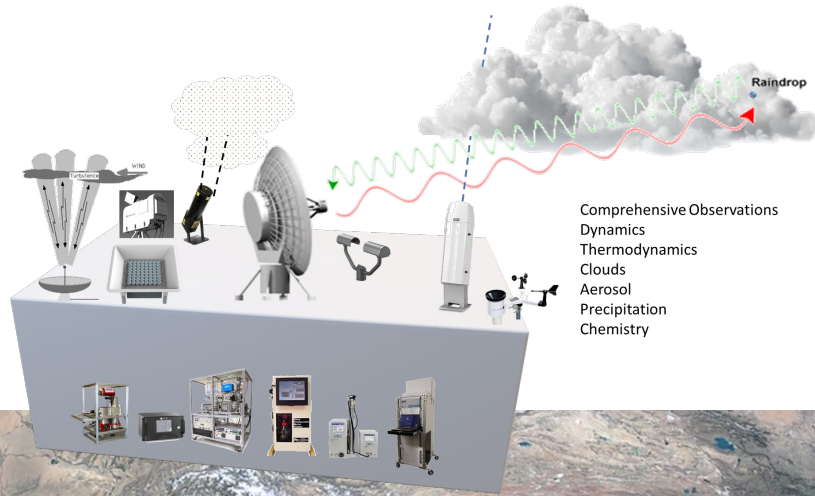
*A transformational
MoES initiative for a
weather-ready
Nation*



NCCR



The concept and different verticals of the Mission Mausam



Testbeds are intense observational sites to document the complete four-dimensional structure of the atmosphere for Earth system observations

Phased Array Radar, Cloud Radar and Storm Following Radars to capture the rapid development of the storms

Aerosol physical and chemical properties with mass spectrometers, cloud condensation, and ice nucleation and BC measurements

Aerosol vertical profiles with lidars, Cloud base, cloud thickness and properties with ceilometers

Rain drop measurements with disdrometers, micro rain radars

GHG measurements to document the fluxes of water vapour, CO₂ and other gases, volatile organic compounds, and isotopic measurements

Three-dimensional winds with lidars, vertical profiling of winds, temperature and relative humidity with wind profilers and radioemeters respectively

Mobile observations with mobile observatories on campaign mode

Aircraft and drone-based measurements in campaign mode

Network of AWS and soil moisture measurements

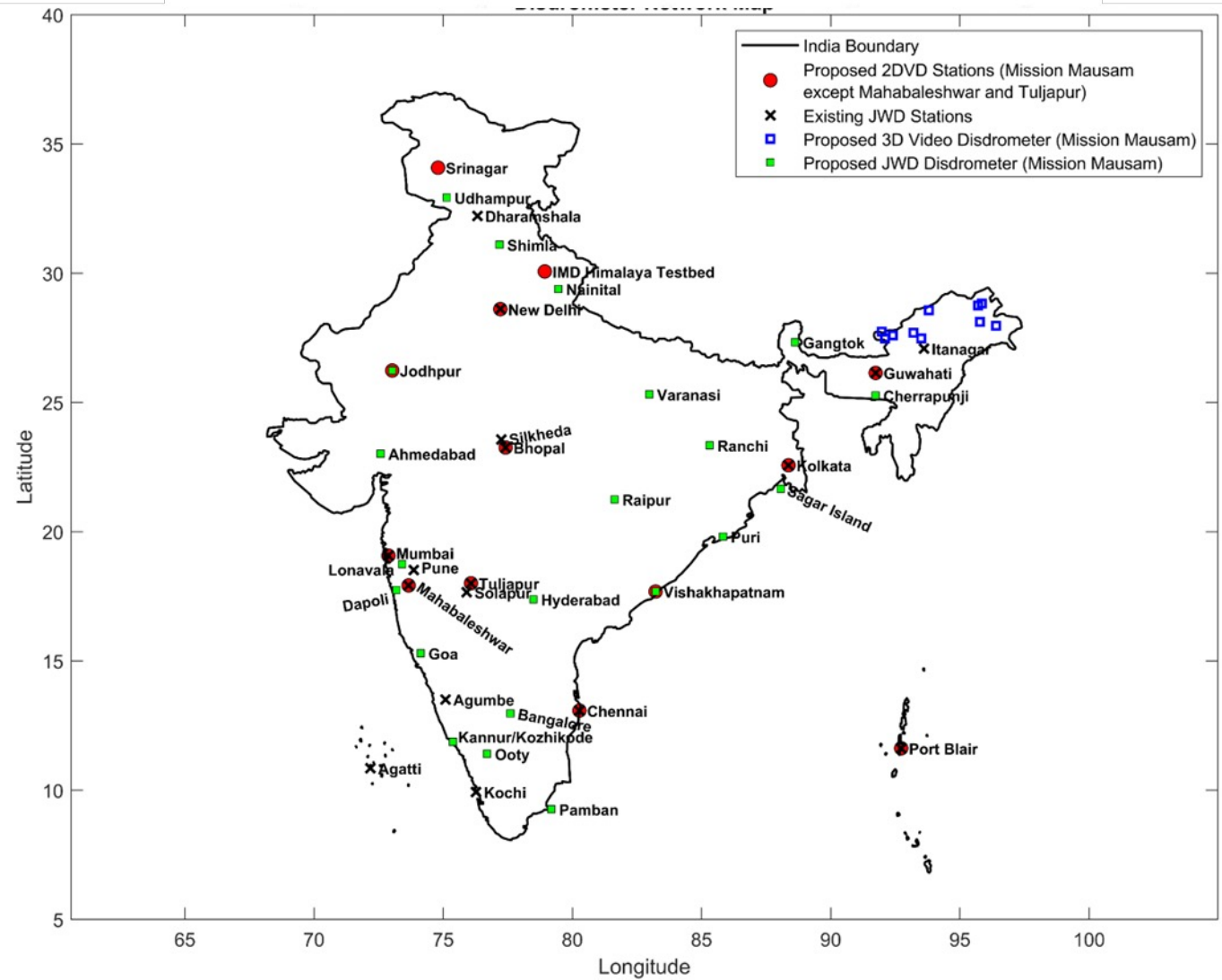


Mission Mausam is setting up a disdrometer network across India, which will be used to derive quantitative precipitation estimates from Radars

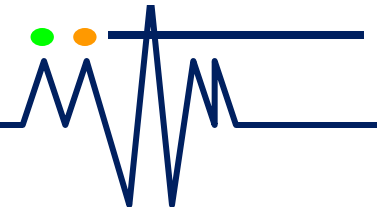
This includes

- **2D Video disdrometers**
- **3D Video optical disdrometers**
- **Impact disdrometers**

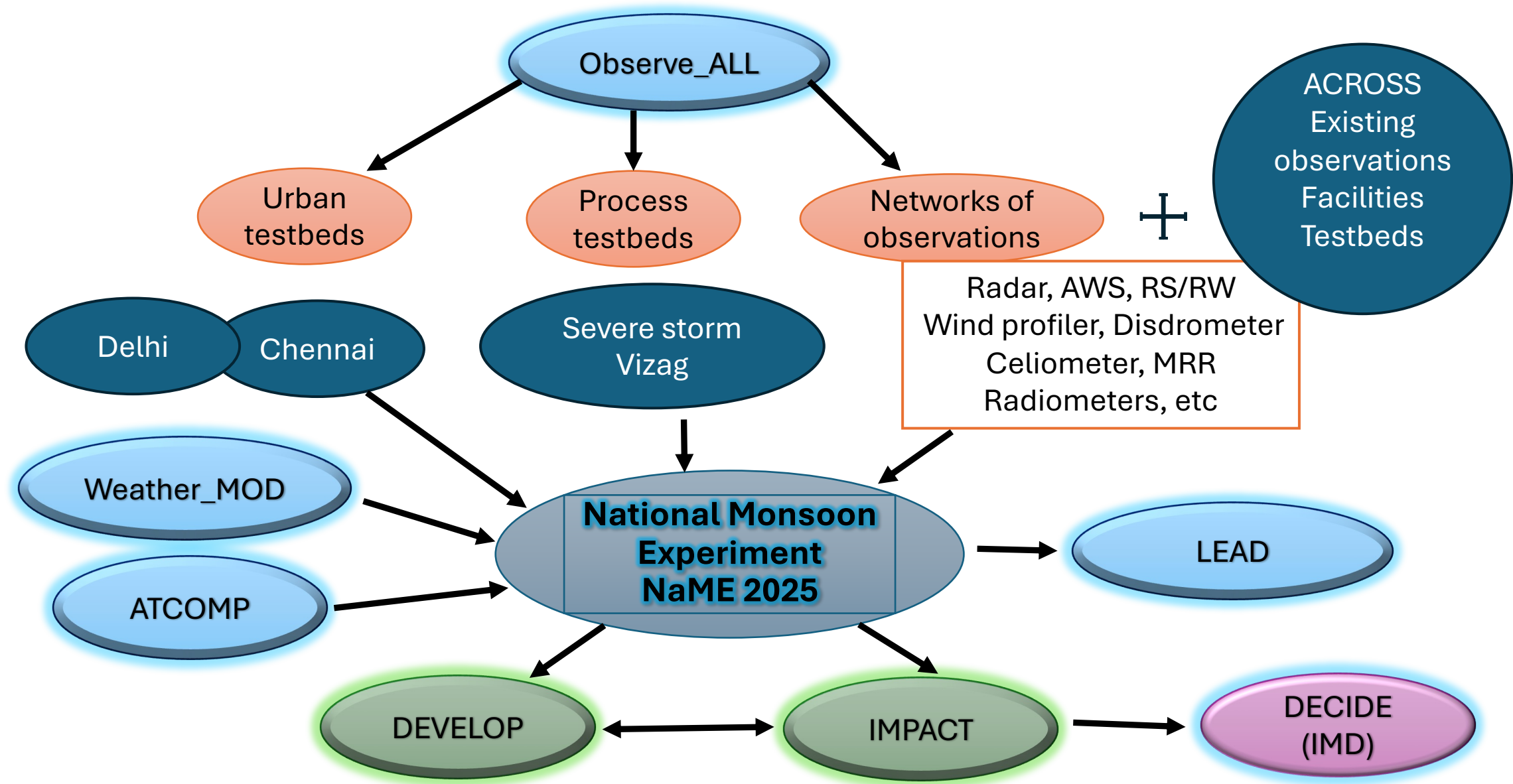
Disdrometer Network across India

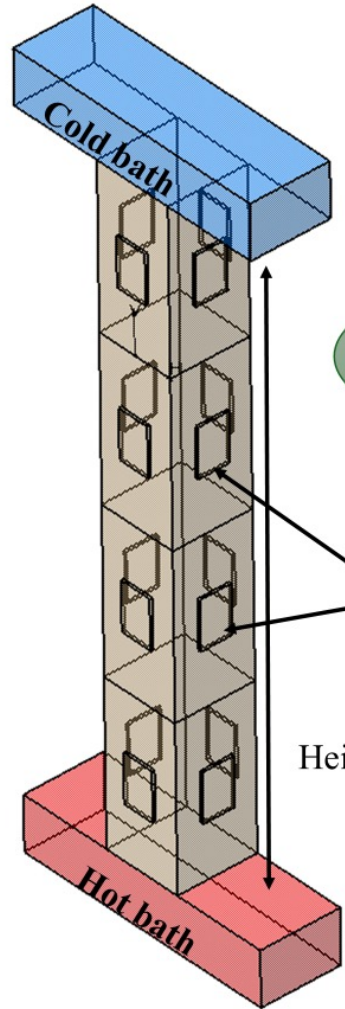


Observing networks



Workflow and Pathways



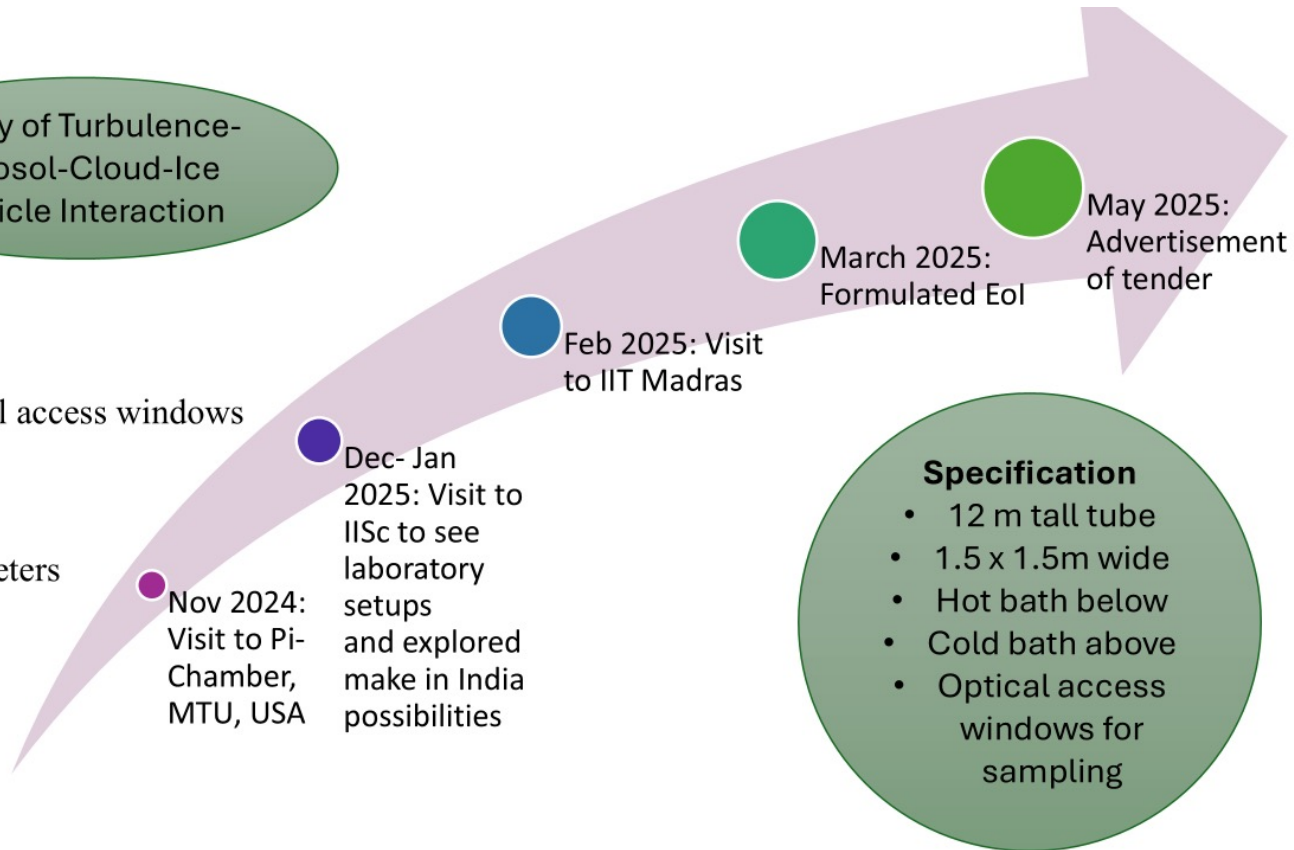


Design and Development of the Cloud Chamber Research Facility at IITM

Study of Turbulence-
Aerosol-Cloud-Ice
Particle Interaction

Optical access windows

Height ~ 12 meters



Nov 2024:
Visit to Pi-
Chamber,
MTU, USA

Dec- Jan
2025: Visit to
IISc to see
laboratory
setups
and explored
make in India
possibilities

Feb 2025: Visit
to IIT Madras

March 2025:
Formulated EoI

May 2025:
Advertisement
of tender

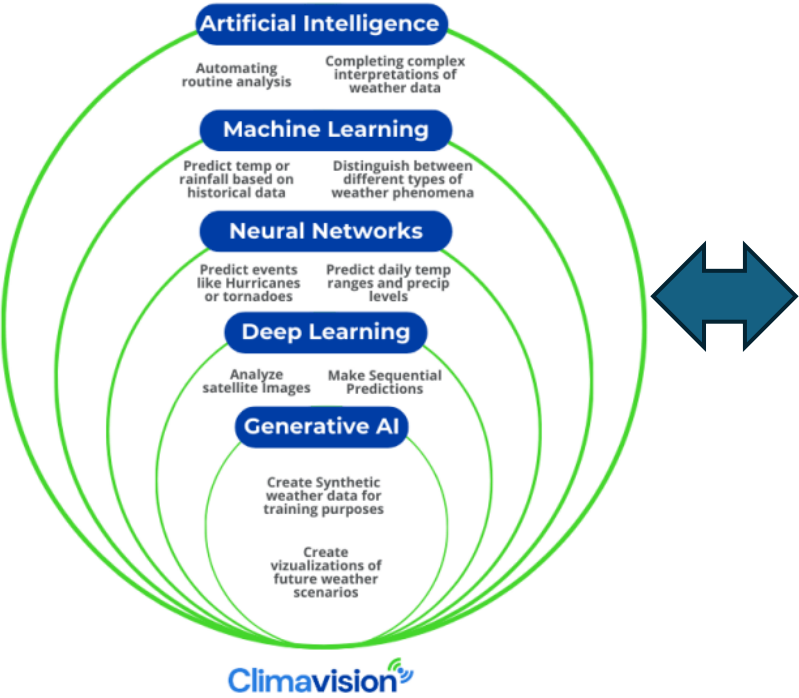
- Specification**
- 12 m tall tube
 - 1.5 x 1.5m wide
 - Hot bath below
 - Cold bath above
 - Optical access windows for sampling

Proposed Design of Cloud Chamber



AI Systems for Weather

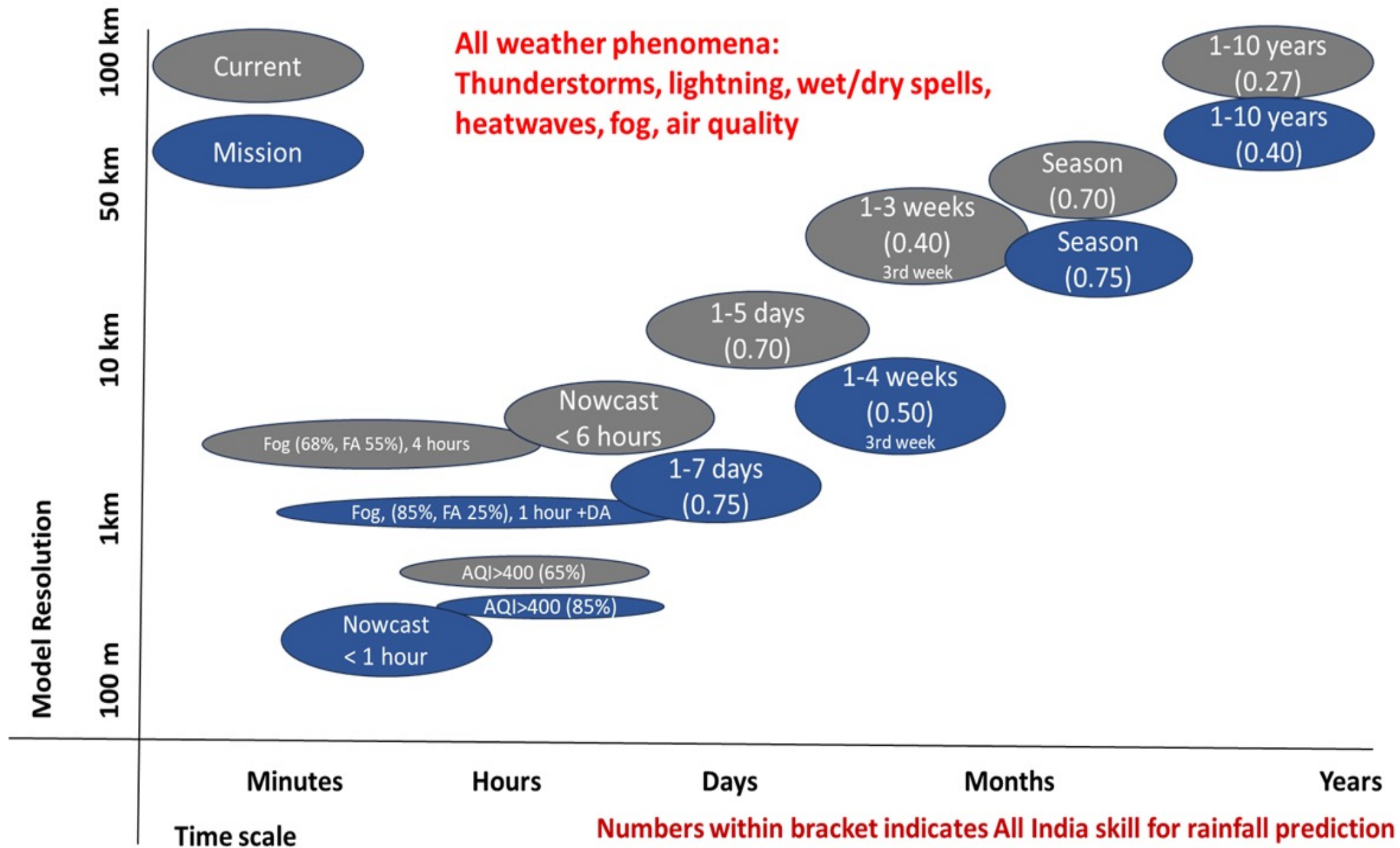
Examples of how these systems can be applied for weather prediction



Short	Extended	Seasonal	Decadal	Climate
GFS-based Tco	ERPASv2 CFS-EL MOM4	MMCFsv2 GFS-SL MOM6 CICE5 Noah	IITM-ESM GFS-EL MOM4 - SIS Noah	IITM ESMv2 Tco based GFS-EL MOM4 - SIS Noah

Modelling Strategy
in Mission Mausam

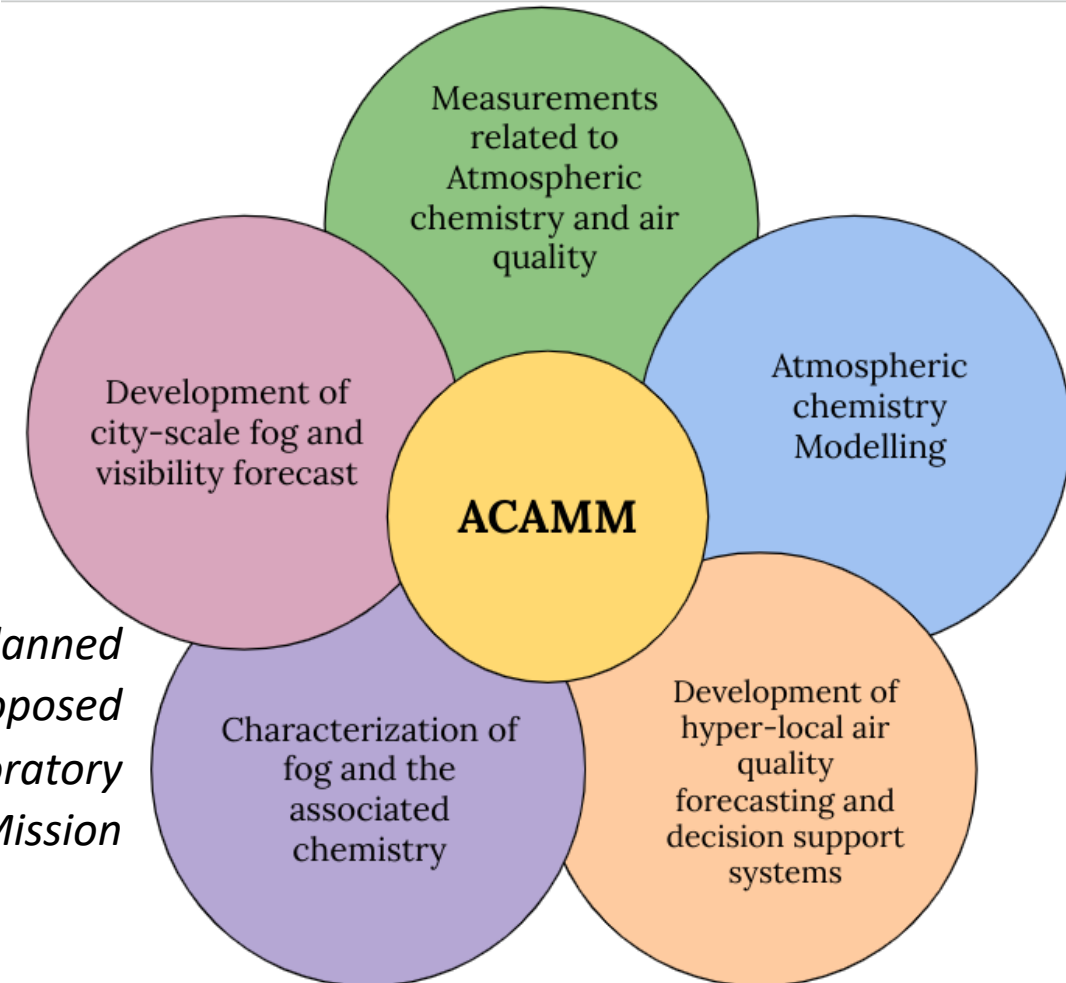
Mission Mausam (Develop & IMPACT)



ATmospheric Composition mOnitoring, Modelling and Prediction (ATCOMP)

- **Establishing an Advanced Atmospheric Chemistry Laboratory** for understanding the complex atmospheric chemical processes
- **Air quality forecasting and decision support system** for air quality management
- Develop a **fully interactive aerosol-chemistry module for the earth system model**.
- **Process level understanding of aerosols, chemistry, and climate**
- **Pollutants impact on the Asian Monsoon** and regional and global climate
- **Local and transboundary air pollution.**

Activities planned under the proposed ACAMM laboratory under the Mission Mausam



Costal Research Testbed at Visakhapatnam: A Key Component of OBSERVE_ALL

Visakhapatnam has been a high-risk zone for cyclonic activities resulting in widespread damage to infrastructure

Crucial site for monitoring & understanding coastal hazards such as cyclones & depressions

Research testbed provides “collaborative workspace” for observational and modelling scientists to work together

Integrating OBS & models to improve understanding and representation of various processes in models

At testbed, gather concurrent and collocated multi-instrument observations

Around 30 instruments planned (in-situ, profiling, remote sensing): Conduct regular OBS and focused IOPs

Generate integrated products depicting dynamics, microphysics, land surface, convection thermodynamics

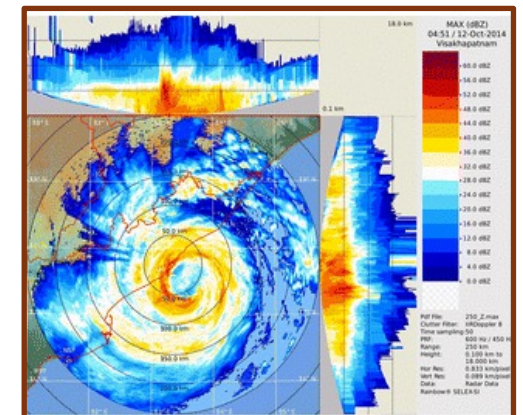
Provide statistics of quantities over long period and many “real life” conditions


Generate large number of cases for testing and evaluating cloud-resolving and global models

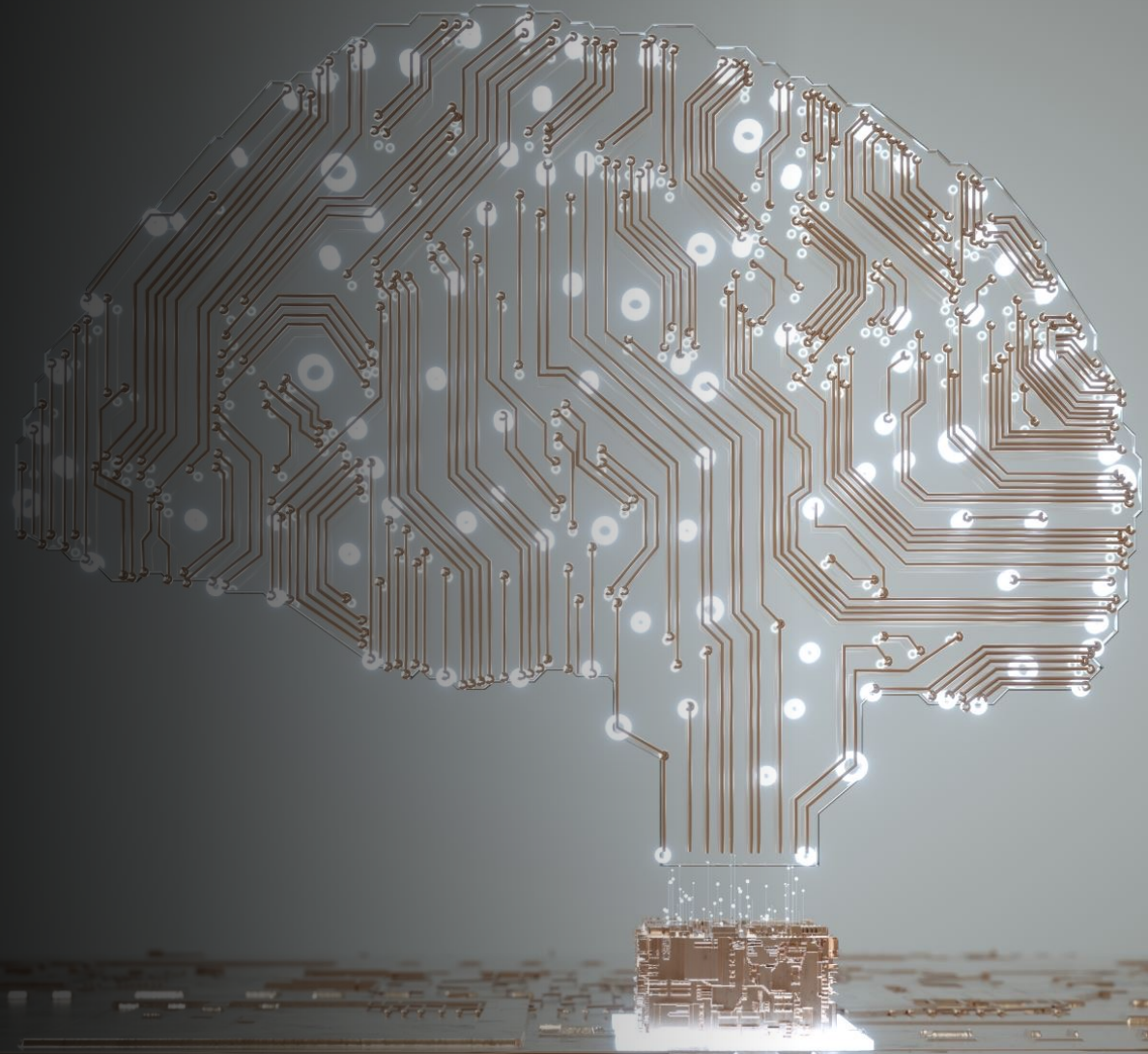
Approach for execution of Research Testbed

Integration among observational needs, understanding physical processes and parameterization

Cyclone Hudhud in 2014 captured by Doppler radar at Vishakhapatnam




We will Use
Artificial
Intelligence and
Machine
Learning!



Transformation from Monsoon Mission to Mission Mausam

	Monsoon Mission	Mission Mausam
Focus	Focused on Dynamical Models	All aspects of Weather and climate forecast including projections.
Observations	Focused process-based observations like OMM, INCOMPASS, SWAMI, BoBBLE etc.	Sustainable long-term observations with focus on processes, severe weather and regular monitoring.
Management of Weather	---	Major Component: Fog, Hail, Rain suppression etc.
State-of-the-art satellite observations	---	Wind profiles from Satellites and other missions like INCUS etc.
Dissemination	Through APPS and Web Pages	AI based Mausam GpT



MONSOON MISSION

MISSION MAUSAM

The success of Monsoon Mission will be seamlessly subsumed under the broader and more ambitious framework of Mission Mausam, which aims to carry forward and expand its achievements.

Thankyou!